

The family and its role as a “*criminogenic factor*” in the submission of juvenile delinquency

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Abstract

Micro group factors are considered one of the powerful instruments for preventing juvenile delinquency and juvenile and youth crime in general. The family, i.e. parents are considered as one of the important factors in the growth and education of children, and at the same time, they are very significant in this regard. Children descended from families and parents with a criminal past potentially inherit the same thing.

If positive influence is not achieved along the way of the child’s development, together with other micro group factors without neglecting other factors as well, then the family is presented as a problem and would be considered one of the causes of the appearance of specific forms and types of crime in general and juvenile delinquency in particular.

Reasons for science interest in the problem of juvenile delinquency, and youth crime in general, stems from the fact that it is a fairly widespread and disturbing phenomenon in society today. In this article, I will focus only on the family, specifically related to parental stand in the family, as well as family cohesion rate.

Keywords: family, children, crime, juvenile delinquency, and micro group factor.

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