

## Social factors that lead women and men to suicide

Ph D (C.) Zyhra Gripshi

University "Aleksander Xhuvani", Elbasan, Albania

### Abstract

By suicide we mean the action of a person to cause his own death, to escape an unfavorable judgment situation for him. The term suicide (suicide) was first used in the 13th century. It used to be called "homicide". Today, some 1 million people worldwide die from suicide each year. According to the World Health Organization, every 40 seconds in the world, someone commits suicide. Suicide now ranks eighth in the world, among the leading causes of death in the general population, and is even the third leading cause of death among individuals between the ages of 15 and 24. Other gender differences related to suicide have also been observed. In most studies, female suicide is labeled as a "failure" (less violent or less successful attempt) and men are described as positive or "successful," suggesting that suicide is conditional. From a range of assumptions and norms turning it into a masculine phenomenon. In addition, female suicide has often been overlooked or misreported in the literature. There are many social factors that influence, such as social status, religion, and family problems.

The purpose of this paper is to analyze the various social factors that affect the increase of suicide at young ages. And who easily leads men or women to suicide. The research question that this paper aims to analyze is: What are the factors that lead to an increase in the number of suicides and what is the gender most affected by the phenomenon? The methodology used is the quantitative and qualitative one where the data will be collected through a questionnaire analyzing the official documents and existing reports from the World Health Organization and the Institute of Public Health Statistics.

**Keywords:** suicide, causes, statistics, social factors, etc.

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