

Foreign direct investment in economic sectors after the war in Kosovo

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Abstract

Direct foreign investment as a concept is a relatively new phenomenon of business thinking, which has had rapid growth in recent years. Economic globalization increasingly requires the integration of countries, regardless of their level of economic development in the global market to participate in the distribution of world GDP. At the time of major technological changes, global competition and market liberalization, FDI can play a key role in the process of global economic integration.

They create effects in host countries as well as in investment economies. Increasing foreign direct investment is a key goal for the economic development of each country, especially those developing and transition countries that are mostly more foreign capital users. The Republic of Kosovo after the war as a new country, its economic development based mainly on the inflow of foreign capital.

The paper deals with the elaboration and clarification of direct foreign investment, the motive of foreign investment, with regard to foreign investment in Kosovo's economic sectors for the past ten years, which represent the main form of the inflow of international capital in the country.

Keywords: International Capital Standards (ICS), Foreign Direct Investment (FDI), Institutional Development, Global Economic Integration.

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