

The management of investment projects in Kosovo economy

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Abstract

The project is defined as a realization of an aim or a task in which technology, resources and time limits of finishing related activities are determined.¹The contemporary management of projects integrates a number of strong concepts which transform the running process of successful resolving of a problem that is related with a cycle which is shaped during the concept and realization of the project. These problems are related with the aspects that determine the efficiency of the project. This is related with the effects, costs, risks and insecurities that accompany the project. Based on the study of reasonableness, key managers approve or refuse the certain project. In case of a positive approval, the next phase is the planning of the project. It includes the evaluation of project's business and its projection during the whole period of exploitation of the project. Afterwards, the plan determines the strategy of project development and evaluation of potential risk. Furthermore, the plan is decomposed into activities that constitute it and the evaluation of resources and time that is needed for realization of activities and their linkage into system diagram. Here the management of the project is presented as a process of problem resolution and it depends grossly on the planning of a project through which likelihood of changes and project failures are reduced before its realization.

Keywords: project, management, investment, development, strategies, resources.

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