New models of urban sociology

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Abstract

Urbanization is not just a modern phenomenon, but a rapid and historical transformation of the human social roots on a global scale, where largely rural culture is rapidly replaced by the urban prevalent culture. Rural culture is characterized by common blood ties and intimate relationships, while the urban culture is characterized by distant blood connections, unfamiliar relationship sand competitive behavior. This article will consider urbanization (according to Castells) as a creator of the major social, economic and environmental changes that provide sustainability opportunities by using efficient resources. The appearance and architectural features of the cities and suburbs express wars and conflicts between different groups of society. In other words, the urban environment represents symbolic and spatial manifestations of wider social forces. While according to Harvey in modern urbanization space is usually restructured. This process is determined by the place where the large companies decide to set up factories, industrial production centers, investor activities as well as buying / selling houses and land.

Keywords: urbanization, urban culture, city, urban environment and space.

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